

1-14. (Canceled)

15. **(Currently Amended)** A computer-readable medium having computer executable instructions stored on a computing device including a data structure, comprising:

a sequence of one more data fragments, each data fragment having a different character encoding, the data fragment begins with a header indicating a character encoding and a length of the data in a corresponding fragment;

wherein the data fragments contain binary data;

a first data field encoded according to a first format, wherein the first format is XML;  
and

a second data field referring to data encoded according to a second format, wherein the second format is JPEG;

wherein the first data field and the second data field are homogenized data according to a reference encoding format for presentation into a single electronic format;

wherein the reference encoding format defines how to map a sequence of octets into a lexical sequence of Unicode characters;

wherein the homogenized data comprises combining within a single package data encoded as XML and embedded opaque binary data ~~with losing information~~, without having to perform character set-to-character set encodings, and avoiding data bloat;

wherein the reference encoding format can be generalized to other formats; and

wherein the reference encoding format can be split into parts.

16. (Original) A computer-readable medium according to Claim 15, wherein the reference encoding is XML.

17. (Original) A computer-readable medium according to Claim 15, wherein the homogenized data is encoded into a single XML information set.

18. (Original) A computer-readable medium according to Claim 15, wherein at least one of the first data field and the second data field comprises an include element to reference binary data.

19. (Original) A computer-readable medium according to Claim 15, wherein a href attribute of the include element provides a universal resource identifier of the binary data to be referenced.

20. (Original) A computer-readable medium according to Claim 15, wherein at least one of the first data field and the second data field comprises an include element to reference one of a web resource, an audio resource, and an image resource.

21. **(Currently Amended)** A computer-readable medium having computer executable instructions stored on a computing device including a data structure, comprising:  
a sequence of one more data fragments, each data fragment having a different character encoding, the data fragment begins with a header indicating a character encoding and a length of the data in a corresponding fragment;

a first data fragment encoded according to a first format, wherein the first format is XML; and

a second data fragment encoded according to a second data format, wherein the second format is JPEG;

wherein the first data field and the second data field are homogenized data according to a reference encoding format for presentation into a single electronic format;

wherein the homogenized comprises combining within a single package data encoded as XML and embedded opaque binary data ~~with losing information~~, without having to perform character set-to-character set encodings, and avoiding data bloat;

wherein the reference encoding format can be generalized to other formats; and

wherein the reference encoding format can be split into parts.

22. (Original) A computer-readable medium according to Claim 21, wherein the reference encoding is XML.

23. (Original) A computer-readable medium according to Claim 22, wherein the homogenized data is encoded into a single XML information set.

24. (Original) A computer-readable medium according to Claim 21, wherein both the first and the second data fragment are defined by values corresponding to a respective encoding, length, and content.

25. (Original) A computer-readable medium according to Claim 24, wherein both the first data fragment and the second data fragment are formatted as <encoding> <length> <content>.

26. **(Currently Amended)** A method of transmitting data to a receiving node, comprising:

including a sequence of one more data fragments, each data fragment having a different character encoding, the data fragment begins with a header indicating a character encoding and a length of the data in a corresponding fragment, wherein the data fragments contain binary data;

combining data having at least two different encodings, wherein a first data encoding according to XML format and a second data encoding according to JPEG format;

homogenizing the combined data in accordance with a reference encoding, wherein the homogenizing data comprises combining within a single package data encoded as XML and embedded opaque binary data ~~without losing information~~, without having to perform character set-to-character set encodings, and avoiding data bloat; and

transmitting homogenized data to the receiving node over a network;

wherein the reference encoding format can be generalized to other formats;

wherein the reference encoding format can be split into parts.

27. (Original) A method according to Claim 26, wherein the reference encoding includes at least one of the at least two different encodings.

28. (Original) A method according to Claim 27, wherein the reference encoding is XML.

29. (Original) A method according to Claim 28, wherein the combined data is homogenized into a single XML information set.

30. (Original) A method according to Claim 26, wherein the combining includes resolving to data.

31. (Original) A method according to Claim 26, wherein the combining includes interleaving data.

32. (Original) A method according to Claim 30, wherein the combining includes resolving to data using an include element to reference binary data.

33. (Original) A method according to Claim 32, wherein an attribute of the include element provides a universal resource identifier of the binary data to be resolved.

34. (Original) A method according to Claim 30, wherein the combined data is presented as a MIME serialization.

35. (Original) A method according to Claim 32, wherein the include element resolves to cached representations of media resources.

36. (Original) A method according to Claim 35, wherein the cached representations of media resources are cached separately from the include element.

37. (Original) A method according to Claim 35, wherein the include element resolves to any one of a web resource, an audio resource, and an image resource.

38. (Original) A method according to Claim 26, wherein the combining includes combining data fragments, each data fragment being defined by values corresponding to a respective encoding, length, and content.

39. (Original) A method according to Claim 26, wherein a data fragment is notated as <encoding> <length> <content>.